

NIEL0001-100
Serial No. 10/789,211

January 12, 2006 Response
to September 12, 2005 Action

Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for measuring relative humidity of a mixture comprising:
 - a chamber having a chamber volume and an opening;
 - a membrane covering the opening, the membrane being permeable to water vapor while impermeable to liquid water;
 - a humidity sensor in the chamber volume for producing a first signal relating to relative humidity (RH_C) of the mixture within the chamber volume;
 - a first temperature sensor for producing a second signal relating to temperature (T_C) of the mixture within the chamber volume;
 - a second temperature sensor positioned for ambient contact with said mixture for producing a third signal relating to ambient temperature (T_A) of the mixture at a point exterior to the chamber; and
 - a processor coupled to the humidity sensor, the first temperature sensor, and the second temperature sensor for receiving the first, second, and third signals, wherein the processor is programmed to calculate relative humidity (RH_A) of the mixture at the point exterior to the chamber ~~as a function of the first signal, the second signal, and the third signal~~ according to the formula $RH_A = RH_C [ew_C/ew_A]$, where ew_C and ew_A are known saturation vapor pressures for T_C and T_A respectively.
2. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein internal surfaces of the chamber are constructed of a nonabsorbent material.
3. (Original) The apparatus of claim 2 wherein the chamber is entirely constructed of the nonabsorbent material or the internal surfaces are a coating of nonabsorbent material.
4. (Original) The apparatus of claim 2 wherein the nonabsorbent material is a metal.
5. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 2 wherein the nonabsorbent material is selected from the group consisting of brass, gold, tin, bronze, silver, platinum, and lead.

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6. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the first temperature sensor is located within the chamber volume.
7. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 1 further comprising:
 - a housing having an internal volume and a breather hole;
 - wherein the chamber is mounted in the internal volume of the housing so that the membrane is aligned with and in fluid communication with the breather hole; and
 - the second temperature sensor being located exterior to the internal volume of the housing.
8. (Original) The apparatus of claim 7 wherein the first temperature sensor is located exterior to the chamber but within the internal volume of the housing.
9. (Original) The apparatus of claim 7 further comprising an O-ring positioned between the membrane and the housing so as to form a sealed fit between the membrane and the housing.
10. (Original) The apparatus of claim 7 wherein the second temperature sensor is located in a passageway extending through the housing.
11. (Original) The apparatus of claim 7 wherein the housing is adapted to be a hand held meter.
12. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the membrane is constructed of microporous hydrophobic polymeric material.
13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the membrane covers the opening of the chamber so as to isolate the chamber volume from ambient air.
14. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the first temperature sensor and the second temperature sensor are thermistors.
15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein the thermistors are matched.
16. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the humidity sensor and the first temperature sensor are combined on a single substrate located within the chamber volume.
17. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the chamber is cylindrically shaped having a first end and a second end, the membrane forming the first end of the chamber and a portion of a circuit board forming the second end of the chamber.
18. (Original) The apparatus of claim 17 wherein the portion of the circuit board that forms the second end of the chamber is coated with or constructed of a nonabsorbent material.

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19. (Original) The apparatus of claim 18 wherein the nonabsorbent material is selected from the group consisting of brass, gold, tin, bronze, silver, platinum, and lead.

20. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the chamber volume is approximately 0.5 to approximately 2.0 ml.

21. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 further comprising a housing having an internal volume and a hole; the chamber mounted in the internal volume of the housing so that the membrane is aligned with the hole; the second temperature sensor being located exterior to the internal volume of the housing; the first temperature sensor being located exterior to the chamber but within the internal volume of the housing; an O-ring positioned between the membrane and the housing so as to form a sealed fit between the membrane and the housing; the second temperature sensor located in a passageway extending through the housing; wherein the first temperature sensor and the second temperature sensor are matched thermistors; wherein the chamber volume is in the range from approximately 0.5 to approximately 2.0 ml; and wherein the chamber is constructed of a metal.

22-32 (Canceled)

33. (Original) A method of measuring relative humidity RH_A of a mixture comprising:

providing an apparatus having a chamber having a chamber volume and an opening, a membrane covering the opening, the membrane being permeable to water vapor while impermeable to liquid water;

measuring humidity RH_C of the mixture within the chamber volume with a first sensor;

measuring temperature T_C of the mixture within the chamber volume with a second sensor;

measuring temperature T_A of the mixture at a point exterior to the chamber with a third sensor; and

calculating relative humidity of the mixture at the point exterior to the chamber with a processor as a function of the measurements obtained by the first sensor, the second sensor, and the third sensor according to the formula $RH_A = RH_C [ew_C/ew_A]$, where ew_C and ew_A are known saturation vapor pressures for T_C and T_A respectively.

34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 33 wherein internal surfaces of the chamber are constructed of nonabsorbent material.

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35. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 34 wherein the chamber is entirely constructed of the nonabsorbent material or the internal surfaces are a coating of nonabsorbent material.
36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 34 wherein the nonabsorbent material is a metal.
37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 36 wherein the metal is selected from a group consisting of brass, gold, tin, bronze, silver, platinum, and lead.
38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 34 wherein the chamber is cylindrically shaped having a first end and a second end, the membrane forming the first end of the chamber and a portion of a circuit board forming the second end of the chamber.
39. (Previously presented) The method of claim 34 wherein the portion of the circuit board that forms the second end of the chamber is coated or constructed with the nonabsorbent material.
40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 33 wherein the chamber volume is in the range of approximately 0.5 to approximately 2.0 ml.
41. (New) An apparatus for measuring relative humidity of a mixture comprising:
- a housing having an internal volume and a breather hole;
 - a chamber having a chamber volume and an opening, wherein the chamber is mounted in the internal volume of the housing so that the membrane is aligned with and in fluid communication with the breather hole;
 - a membrane covering the opening, the membrane being permeable to water vapor while impermeable to liquid water;
 - a humidity sensor in the chamber volume for producing a first signal relating to relative humidity of the mixture within the chamber volume;
 - a first temperature sensor for producing a second signal relating to temperature of the mixture within the chamber volume, wherein the first temperature sensor is located exterior to the chamber but within the internal volume of the housing;
 - a second temperature sensor for producing a third signal relating to temperature of the mixture at a point exterior to the chamber the second temperature sensor being located exterior to the internal volume of the housing; and

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a processor coupled to the humidity sensor, the first temperature sensor, and the second temperature sensor for receiving the first, second, and third signals, wherein the processor is programmed to calculate relative humidity of the mixture at the point exterior to the chamber as a function of the first signal, the second signal, and the third signal.

42.(New) An apparatus for measuring relative humidity of a mixture comprising:

a chamber having a chamber volume and an opening;

a membrane covering the opening, the membrane being permeable to water vapor while impermeable to liquid water;

a humidity sensor in the chamber volume for producing a first signal relating to relative humidity of the mixture within the chamber volume;

a first temperature sensor for producing a second signal relating to temperature of the mixture within the chamber volume;

a second temperature sensor for producing a third signal relating to temperature of the mixture at a point exterior to the chamber; and

a processor coupled to the humidity sensor, the first temperature sensor, and the second temperature sensor for receiving the first, second, and third signals, wherein the processor is programmed to calculate relative humidity of the mixture at the point exterior to the chamber as a function of the first signal, the second signal, and the third signal[.];

further comprising a housing having an internal volume and a hole; the chamber mounted in the internal volume of the housing so that the membrane is aligned with the hole; the second temperature sensor being located exterior to the internal volume of the housing; the first temperature sensor being located exterior to the chamber but within the internal volume of the housing; an O-ring positioned between the membrane and the housing so as to form a sealed fit between the membrane and the housing; the second temperature sensor located in a passageway extending through the housing; wherein the first temperature sensor and the second temperature sensor are matched thermistors; wherein the chamber volume is in the range from approximately 0.5 to approximately 2.0 ml; and wherein the chamber is constructed of a metal.